THE FACETS OF CHANGE

Federal Emerging Leader Development Course

9 February 2023



- 1. What are you feeling right now, after receiving the change to our Syllabus?
- 2. What do you want / need from the others in your group to fully understand the information you have received?
- 3. What will it take for you to accept these changes and "Move On"?

Briefed in Zoom Main Room



Why Change?

Change is a constant and inevitable state of nature. It is the result of attempts to be more efficient, effective or from outside pressures



What Changes?

- Vision
- Strategies
 - ✓ Policies
 - ✓ Procedures
 - ✓ Plans
 - ✓ Structures

- Goals
- Objectives
 - ✓ Priorities
- Organizational Growth
- Learning Outcomes



... and Many Others

What Is Change?

"to make the form, nature, content, future course, etc. of (something) different from what it is or from what it would be if left alone"



Change Really Is.....

- Change is something that presses us out of our comfort zone... It is uncomfortable, for changing from one state to the next upsets our control over outcomes.
- Change is inequitable; not a respecter of persons...
- Change is for the better or for the worst, depending on where you view it...
- Change has an adjustment period which varies on the individual...
- Change has a ripping effect on those who won't let go...
- Change is awkward -- at first.

Change Really Is.....

- Change draws out those poised for a new way.
- Change isn't for the risk adverse.
- Change does have casualties, those defeated.
- Change will cause us to churn or to learn...
- Change changes the speed of time. Time is so slow for the reluctant, and yet it is a whirlwind for those who embrace it.
- Change is more fun to do than to be done to.
- Change seeks a better place at the end and is complete when you realize you are different...

Change Really Is.....

- Change doesn't look for a resting-place; just the next launching point...
- Change is only a waste to those who don't learn from it...
- Change chaps those moving slower than the change itself. If you can change before you have to change, there will be less pain

Institute of Industrial and Systems Engineering

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We are in a Constant State of Change and Transition

Change is a constant and inevitable state of nature.

It is the result of attempts to be more efficient,

effective or from outside pressures

<u>Transition</u> is the tension we feel to sustain consistency, predictability and our own level of manageable risk.



Change Models, Theories, Authors

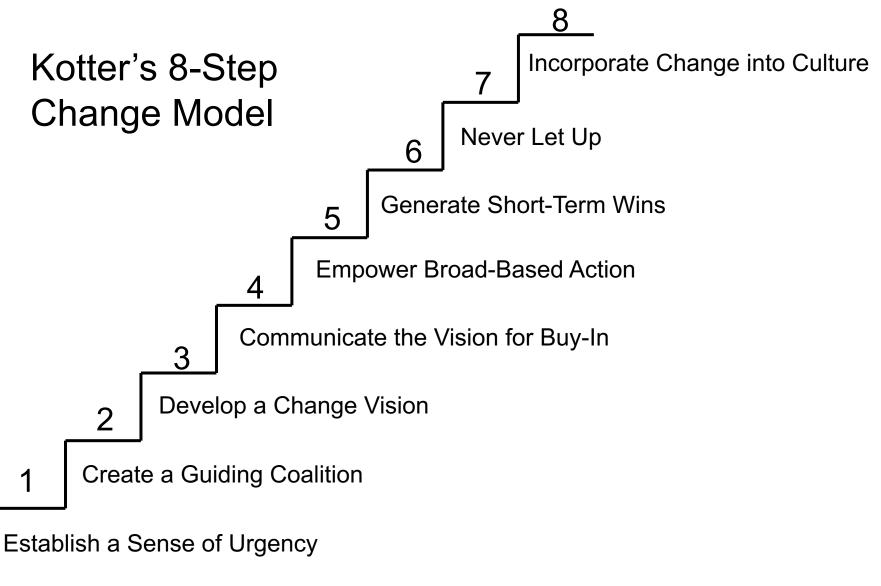
- ADKAR
- Birkinshaw
- Bridges
- Bruke-Litwin
- Intentional Change Theory

- Kotter Eight Step Model
- Kubler Ross
- Leavitt's Diamond
- Lewin
- Schein



... To Name Just A Few

How Change Happens



What Else Happens?

William Bridges says that transition is not the same as change.

"Change is what happens to you."

"Transition is what you experience."

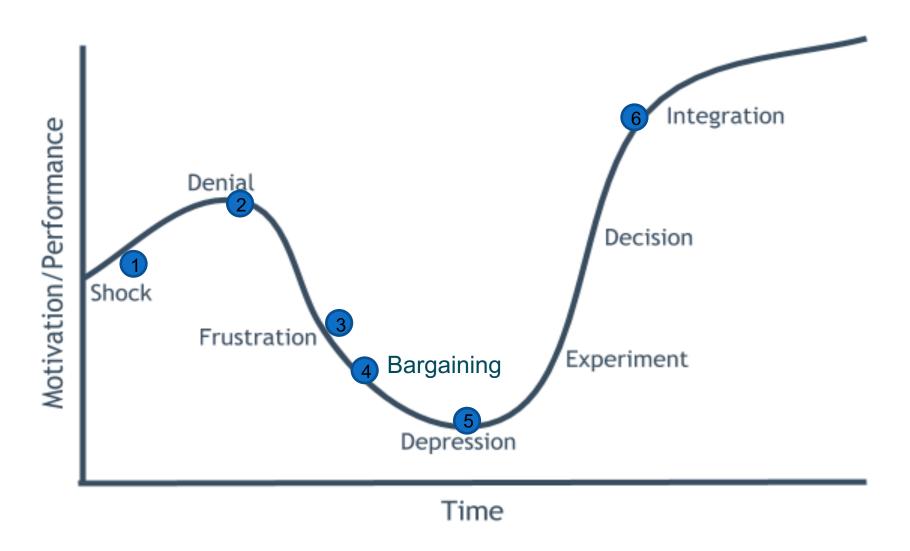


"A change can work only if the people affected by it can get through the transition it causes successfully."

William Bridges



The Change Curve



"Think about the Syllabus Change"

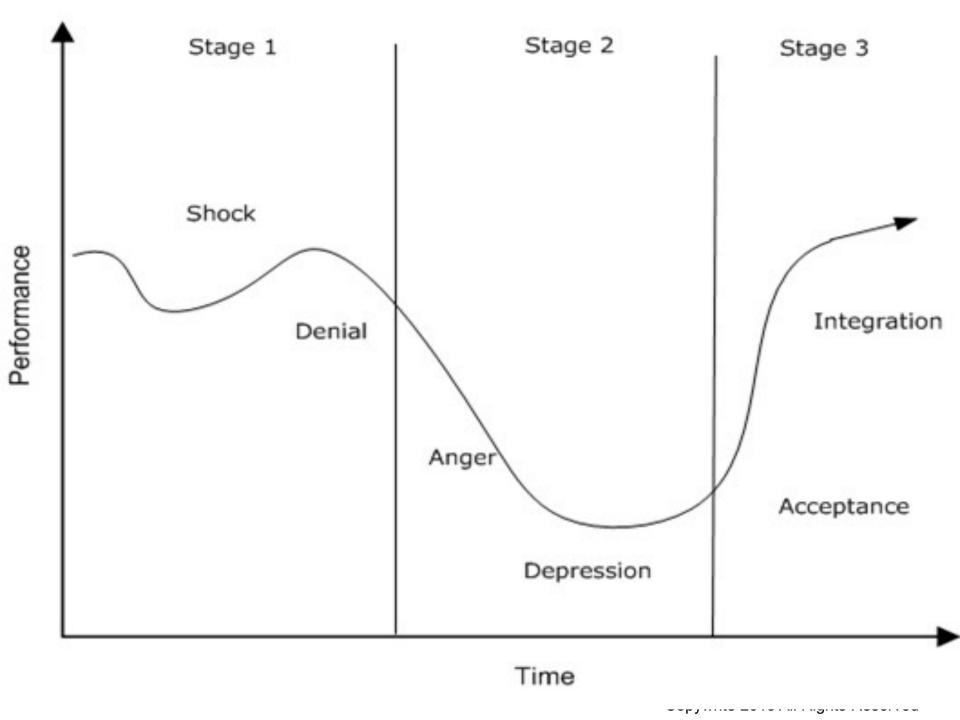
Managing Change in an Organization



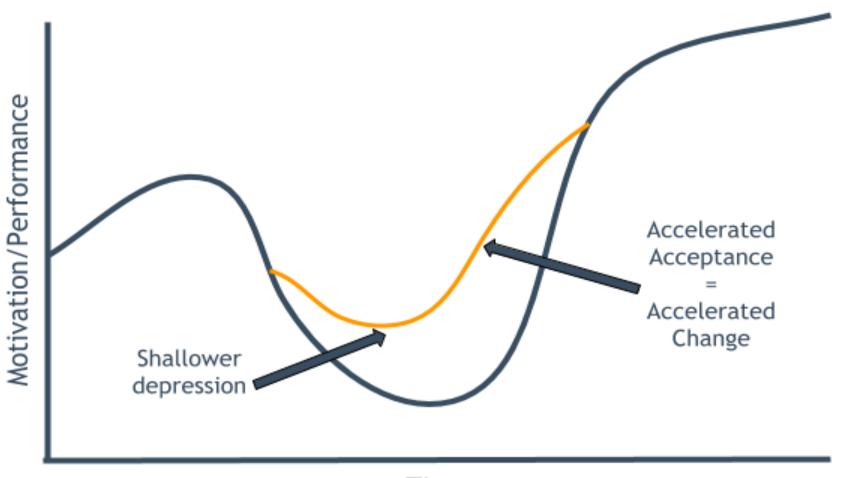
Manage fear - Begin to explore - Try out future possibilities - Productivity impacted

Four of the Biggest Mistakes Supervisors Make

- ✓ Assume that understanding equals support and commitment.
- ✓ Underestimate the potential power of employee engagement.
- ✓ Fail to appreciate the power of fear.
- ✓ Fail to acknowledge how even a slight lack of trust and confidence in supervisors (and leaders) can kill an otherwise good idea.



Using The Change Curve



Time

The Change Curve (With leadership styles)

The Change

6. Moving On (With Learning)



1. Blame Others Listen – Only Listen, do not advise or fix, Just Listen

5. Problem
Solving
Support / Discuss

Denial

2. Blame Self
Listen – Only
Listen,
as above

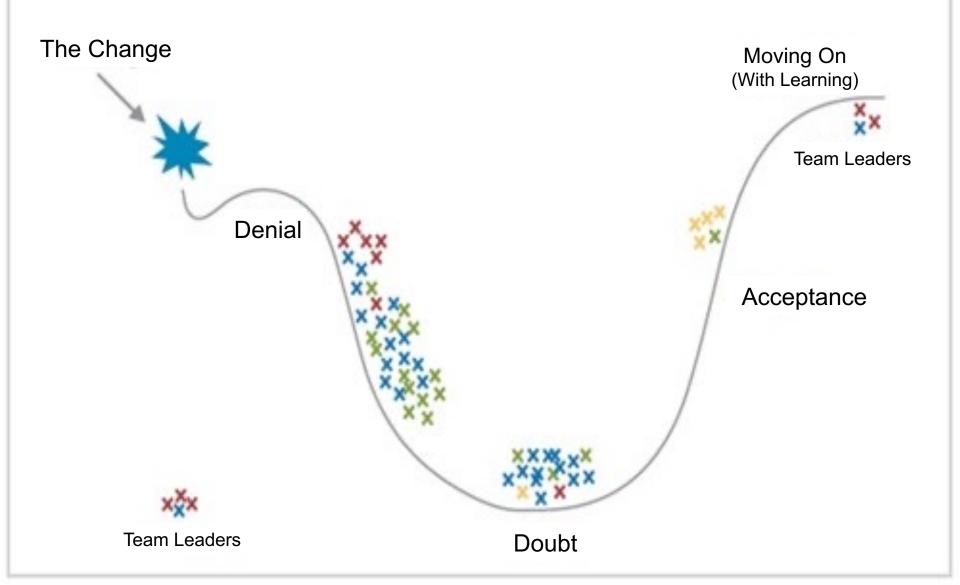
4. Acceptance /
Rationalization
Support /
Discuss

3. Uncertainty /
Confusion
Support / Delegate
Direction

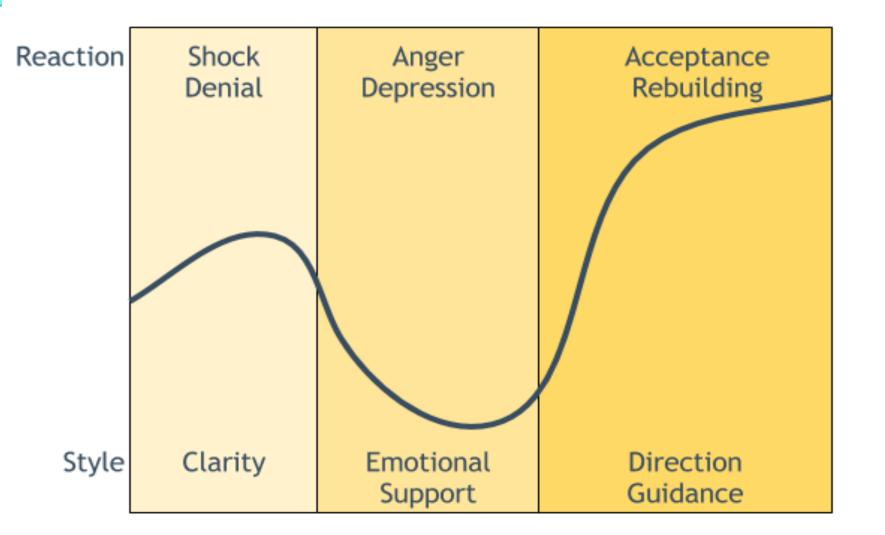
Acceptance

Doubt

The Change Curve (With Leaders)



The Change Curve with Communication Style



Back to our lists...

What would we do differently?



Resistance and Concerns During Change

Six Stages of Concern

- 1. Information Concerns
- Personal Concerns
- 3. Implementation Concerns
- 4. Impact Concerns
- 5. Collaboration Concerns
- Refinement Concerns

"Ken Blanchard"

If a supervisor is able to diagnose stages of concern, then the supervisor can respond by communicating the right information at the right time to lower and resolve these concerns

	THE 6 STAGES OF CONCERN	LEADERSHIP STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS CONCERN
1.	Information ConcernsWhat is the change?Why is it needed?	Explain the case for change; Share detailed information Envision the future
2.	Personal Concerns How will the change affect me personally? Will I win or lose?	 Provide opportunity or people to express what's on their minds Provide encouragement and reassurance Continue to explain why change is important Provide consistent messages about vision, goals, and expectations Provide resources to resolve concerns
3.	Implementation ConcernsWhat do I do first?How do I manage all of the details?	Walk the talk and model the behaviors expected of others Provide individual training and coaching on how to implement the change Build trust by listening and responding honestly to questions Look for small wins
4.	Impact ConcernsIs the effort worth it?Is the change making a difference?	Collect + share information + wins Use wins to anchor the change in the organizational culture Encourage people to keep up their effort
5.	Collaboration Concerns • Who else should be involved • How do we spread the word?	Encourage teamwork and interdependence with other teams Recognize improvements in teams' performance
6.	Refinement Concerns • How can we make the change even better?	Support continuous improvement and innovation Encourage each other to continue to challenge the status quo + explore new options and possibilities

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Future Conversations

Here are four areas that oftentimes accompany change and worry people:

- 1. Am I going to have a job?
- 2. Will I make it? (the competence issue) & How am I going to do that?
- 3. I really liked what I did before. I'm not sure I really like what's coming down the pike.
- 4. What do I need to do myself? (Roles and responsibilities become blurry.)

Future Actions

Through better questioning and building trusting relationships, you can do a better job of helping yourself and helping others move through the curve.

We all must get comfortable with ourselves and with how we deal with change.

